

State Use 101  
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The diagram illustrates the layout of a wastewater treatment plant, showing the arrangement of various tanks and the flow of wastewater through the system. The tanks are labeled as follows:

- GAR** (Greywater Aeration Tank): A large rectangular tank on the left side, outlined in red.
- PAT** (Preliminary Aeration Tank): A rectangular tank located above the GAR tank, outlined in red.
- CFL** (Clarification Tank): A rectangular tank located below the PAT tank, outlined in blue.
- OFP** (Oxygenation Tank): A rectangular tank located below the CFL tank, outlined in red.
- SFL** (Sedimentation Tank): A large rectangular tank located to the right of the OFP tank, outlined in blue.
- FFL** (Final Filtration Tank): A rectangular tank located below the SFL tank, outlined in blue.
- BMT** (Biosolids Management Tank): A rectangular tank located below the FFL tank, outlined in blue.
- EFP** (Effluent Filtration Tank): A rectangular tank located to the right of the SFL tank, outlined in red.

The diagram also shows the flow of wastewater through the system, indicated by arrows and numerical values representing flow rates or dimensions. The flow starts from the left, moves through the GAR tank, then through the PAT tank, and continues through the CFL, OFP, SFL, FFL, and BMT tanks, finally exiting through the EFP tank. The numerical values are distributed around the tanks and along the flow lines, providing specific data for each stage of the treatment process.

A large, two-story house with brown siding and a grey roof, surrounded by lush green trees and a flowering tree in the foreground.

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